

*Text Versions:* [A 285-A](#), [A 285](#)

**STATE OF NEW YORK**

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285--A

Cal. No. 20

2015-2016 Regular Sessions

**IN ASSEMBLY**

**(Prefiled)**

January 7, 2015

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Introduced by M. of A. WEINSTEIN, GOTTFRIED, PERRY, JAFFEE, GOLDFEDER, MARKEY, TITONE, MOYA, BRINDISI, ROSENTHAL, BENEDETTO, STECK, THIELE, ABINANTI, PAULIN, HOOPER, BRONSON, WEPRIN, SIMANOWITZ, MILLER, AUBRY, LIFTON, RUSSELL, CLARK, WALKER, RYAN, DINOWITZ -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. BRAUNSTEIN, BUCHWALD, CYMBROWITZ, DAVILA, TITUS, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes -- advanced to a third reading, amended and ordered reprinted, retaining its place on the order of third reading

AN ACT to amend the civil practice law and rules, in relation to accrual of causes of action for medical, dental and podiatric malpractice

**The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:**

- 1 Section 1. The opening paragraph of subdivision (g) of section 203 of
- 2 the civil practice law and rules is designated paragraph 1 and a new
- 3 paragraph 2 is added to read as follows:
- 4 **2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for the**
- 5 **purposes of sections fifty-e and fifty-i of the general municipal law,**
- 6 **section ten of the court of claims act, and the provisions of any other**
- 7 **law pertaining to the commencement of an action or special proceeding,**
- 8 **or to the filing of a notice of claim as a condition precedent to**
- 9 **commencement of an action or special proceeding within a specified time**
- 10 **period, the period in which to commence an action or proceeding or to**
- 11 **file such notice of claim for medical, dental or podiatric malpractice**
- 12 **shall not begin to run until the later of either: (a) when one knows or**
- 13 **reasonably should have known of the alleged negligent act or omission**
- 14 **and knows or reasonably should have known that such negligent act or**

15 omission has caused an injury; or (b) the date of the last treatment  
16 where there is continuous treatment for the same illness, injury or  
17 condition which gave rise to the accrual of an action. However, such  
18 action shall commence no later than ten years from the act, omission or

EXPLANATION--Matter in *italics* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 failure complained of or last treatment where there is continuous treat-  
2 ment for the same illness, injury or condition which gave rise to the  
3 act, omission or failure; provided, however, that where the action is  
4 based upon the discovery of a foreign object in the body of a patient,  
5 the action may be commenced within one year of the date of such discov-  
6 ery or of the date of discovery of facts which would reasonably lead to  
7 such discovery, whichever is earlier.

8 § 2. Section 214-a of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by  
9 chapter 485 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

10 § 214-a. Action for medical, dental or podiatric malpractice to be  
11 commenced within two years and six months; exceptions. An action for  
12 medical, dental or podiatric malpractice must be commenced within two  
13 years and six months of the accrual of any such action. The accrual of  
14 an action occurs at the later of either (a) when one knows or reasonably  
15 should have known of the alleged negligent act or omission and knows or  
16 reasonably should have known that such negligent act or omission has  
17 caused an injury; or (b) within two years and six months of the last  
18 treatment where there is continuous treatment for the same illness,  
19 injury or condition which gave rise to the accrual of an action. Howev-  
20 er, such action shall commence no later than ten years from the act,

21 omission or failure complained of or last treatment where there is  
22 continuous treatment for the same illness, injury or condition which  
23 gave rise to the said act, omission or failure; provided, however, that  
24 where the action is based upon the discovery of a foreign object in the  
25 body of the patient, the action may be commenced within one year of the  
26 date of such discovery or of the date of discovery of facts which would  
27 reasonably lead to such discovery, whichever is earlier. For the purpose  
28 of this section the term "continuous treatment" shall not include exam-  
29 inations undertaken at the request of the patient for the sole purpose  
30 of ascertaining the state of the patient's condition. For the purpose of  
31 this section the term "foreign object" shall not include a chemical  
32 compound, fixation device or prosthetic aid or device.

33 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.